

MATERIALS

ROCK:

(i) ALL ROCK MUST BE HARD, WEATHER RESISTANT, AND DURABLE AGAINST DISINTEGRATION UNDER CONDITIONS TO BE MET IN HANDLING, PLACEMENT AND OPERATION.

(ii) ALL ROCK MUST HAVE ITS GREATEST DIMENSION NOT GREATER THAN 3 TIMES ITS LEAST DIMENSIONS.

(iii) THE ROCK USED IN FORMATION OF THE DRAIN MUST BE EVENLY GRADED WITH 50% BY WEIGHT LARGER THAN THE SPECIFIED NOMINAL ROCK SIZE AND HAVE SUFFICIENT SMALL ROCK TO FILL THE VOIDS BETWEEN THE LARGER ROCK. DIRT, FINES, AND SMALLER ROCK MUST NOT EXCEED 5% BY WEIGHT.

(iv) THE DIAMETER OF THE LARGEST ROCK SIZE SHOULD BE NO LARGER THAN 1.5 TIMES THE NOMINAL ROCK SIZE. SPECIFIC GRAVITY TO BE AT LEAST 2.5.

(v) THE COLOUR OF THE RIPRAP SHALL BE [INSERT] AND MUST BE APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER. ONCE APPROVED, THE COLOUR SHALL BE KEPT CONSISTENT THROUGH THE PROJECT.

GEOTEXTILE FABRIC: HEAVY-DUTY, NEEDLE-PUNCHED, NON-WOVEN FILTER CLOTH, MINIMUM BIDIM A24 OR EQUIVALENT.

INSTALLATION

1. REFER TO APPROVED PLANS FOR LOCATION, EXTENT, AND CONSTRUCTION DETAILS. IF THERE ARE QUESTIONS OR PROBLEMS WITH THE LOCATION, EXTENT, OR METHOD OF INSTALLATION, CONTACT THE ENGINEER OR RESPONSIBLE ON-SITE OFFICER FOR ASSISTANCE.

2. PRIOR TO PLACEMENT, ALL ROCKS MUST BE VISUALLY CHECKED FOR SIZE, ELONGATION, CRACKS, DETERIORATION AND OTHER VISIBLE. THE DEGREE AND THOROUGHNESS OF SUCH CHECKING MUST BE APPROPRIATE FOR THE POTENTIAL CONSEQUENCES ASSOCIATED WITH FAILURE OF THE STRUCTURE OR PURPOSE FOR WHICH THE

MATERIAL WILL BE USED.

3. CLEAR THE LOCATION FOR THE CATCH DRAIN, CLEARING ONLY WHAT IS NEEDED TO PROVIDE ACCESS FOR PERSONNEL AND EQUIPMENT FOR INSTALLATION.

4. REMOVE ROOTS, STUMPS, AND OTHER DEBRIS AND DISPOSE OF THEM PROPERLY. DO NOT USE DEBRIS TO BUILD THE BANK.

5. REMOVE ALL SOFT, YIELDING MATERIAL; REPLACE WITH SUITABLE ON-SITE MATERIAL; COMPACT TO SMOOTH FIRM SURFACE.

6. EXCAVATE THE DRAIN TO THE LINES AND GRADES SHOWN ON THE APPROVED PLANS. OVER-CUT THE DRAIN TO A DEPTH EQUAL TO THE SPECIFIED DEPTH OF ROCK PLACEMENT SUCH THAT THE FINISHED TOP SURFACE WILL BE AT THE ELEVATION OF THE SURROUNDING LAND. PLACEMENT OF THE ROCK LINING MUST NOT REDUCE THE DRAIN'S TOP WIDTH AND DEPTH AS SPECIFIED WITHIN THE APPROVED PLANS.

7. GRADE THE DRAIN TO THE SPECIFIED SLOPE AND FORM THE ASSOCIATED EMBANKMENT WITH COMPACTED FILL. NOTE THAT THE DRAIN INVERT MUST FALL 10CM EVERY 10m FOR EACH 1% OF CHANNEL GRADIENT.

8. ENSURE THE SIDES OF THE CUT DRAIN ARE NO STEEPER THAN A 1.5:1 (H:V) SLOPE AND THE EMBANKMENT FILL SLOPES NO STEEPER THAN 2:1.

9. IF THE DRAIN IS CUT INTO A DISPERSIVE (SODIC) SOIL, THEN PRIOR TO PLACING FILTER CLOTH, THE EXPOSED DISPERSIVE SOIL MUST BE COVERED WITH A MINIMUM 200mm THICK LAYER OF NON-DISPERSIVE SOIL PRIOR TO PLACEMENT OF FILTER CLOTH OR ROCKS.

10. IF A FILTER CLOTH UNDERLAY IS SPECIFIED, PLACE THE FILTER FABRIC DIRECTLY ON THE PREPARED FOUNDATION. IF MORE THAN ONE SHEET OF FILTER CLOTH IS REQUIRED TO COVER THE AREA, OVERLAP THE EDGE OF EACH SHEET AT LEAST 300mm, AND SECURE ANCHOR PINS AT MINIMUM 1M SPACING ALONG THE OVERLAP.

11. ENSURE THE FILTER CLOTH IS PROTECTED FROM PUNCHING OR TEARING DURING

INSTALLATION OF THE FABRIC AND THE ROCK. REPAIR ANY DAMAGE BY REMOVING THE ROCK AND PLACING WITH ANOTHER PIECE OF FILTER CLOTH OVER THE DAMAGED AREA OVERLAPPING THE EXISTING FABRIC A MINIMUM OF 300mm.

12. PLACEMENT OF ROCK SHOULD FOLLOW IMMEDIATELY AFTER PLACEMENT OF THE FILTER LAYER. PLACE ROCK SO THAT IT FORMS A DENSE, WELL-GRADED MASS OF ROCK WITH A MINIMUM OF VOIDS.

13. PLACE ROCK LINING TO THE EXTENT AND DEPTH INDICATED WITHIN THE APPROVED PLANS.

14. ENSURE THE ROCK IS PLACED IN AN APPROPRIATE MANNER TO AVOID DISPLACING UNDERLYING MATERIALS OR PLACING UNDUE IMPACT FORCE ON THE BEDDING MATERIALS.

15. ENSURE THE ROCK IS PLACED WITH A MINIMUM THICKNESS OF 1.5 TIMES THE NOMINAL ROCK SIZE (D50).

16. ENSURE MATERIALS THAT ARE D50 AND LARGER ARE POSITIONED FLUSH WITH THE TOP SURFACE WITH FACES AND SHAPES MATCHED TO MINIMISE VOIDS.

17. ENSURE PROJECTIONS ABOVE OR DEPRESSIONS UNDER THE SPECIFIED TOP SURFACE ARE LESS THAN 20% OF THE ROCK LAYER THICKNESS. THE AVERAGE SURFACE PLANE OF THE FINISHED ROCK IS DEFINED AS THE PLANE WHERE 50% OF THE TOPS OF ROCKS WOULD CONTACT.

18. ENSURE THE COMPLETED DRAIN HAS SUFFICIENT DEEP (AS SPECIFIED FOR THE TYPE OF DRAIN) MEASURED FROM THE DRAIN INVERT (AVERAGE SURFACE PLANE ALONG CHANNEL INVERT) TO THE TOP OF THE EMBANKMENT. THE AVERAGE SURFACE PLANE OF THE FINISHED ROCK IS DEFINED AS THE PLANE WHERE 50% OF THE TOPS OF ROCKS WOULD CONTACT.

19. TO THE MAXIMUM DEGREE PRACTICABLE, THE MATERIAL BETWEEN LARGER ROCK MUST NOT BE LOOSE OR EASILY DISPLACED BY THE EXPECTED FLOW.

20. AFTER PLACEMENT OF THE ROCK LINING, ENSURE THE DRAIN HAS A CONSTANT FALL IN THE DESIRED DIRECTION FREE OF OBSTRUCTIONS.

21. ENSURE THE DRAIN DISCHARGES TO A STABLE OUTLET SUCH THAT SOIL EROSION WILL BE PREVENTED FROM OCCURRING. ENSURE THE DRAIN DOES NOT DISCHARGE TO AN UNSTABLE FILL SLOPE.

MAINTENANCE

1. INSPECT ALL CATCH DRAINS AT LEAST WEEKLY AND AFTER RUNOFF-PRODUCING STORM EVENTS AND REPAIR ANY SLUMPS, BANK DAMAGE, OR LOSS OF FREEBOARD.

2. CLOSELY INSPECT THE OUTER EDGES OF THE ROCK PROTECTION. ENSURE WATER ENTRY INTO THE ROCK-LINED AREA IS NOT CAUSING EROSION ALONG THE EDGE OF THE ROCK PROTECTION.

3. CAREFULLY CHECK THE STABILITY OF THE ROCK LOOKING FOR INDICATIONS OF PIPING, SCOUR HOLES, OR BANK FAILURES.

4. REPLACE OR REPOSITION THE SURFACE ROCK SUCH THAT THE DRAIN FUNCTIONS AS REQUIRED AND THE DRAIN'S REQUIRED HYDRAULIC CAPACITY IS NOT REDUCED.

5. REPLACE ANY DISPLACED ROCK WITH ROCK OF A SIGNIFICANTLY (MINIMUM 110%) LARGER SIZE THAN THE DISPLACED ROCK.

6. ENSURE SEDIMENT IS NOT PARTIALLY BLOCKING THE DRAIN. WHERE NECESSARY, REMOVE ANY DEPOSITED MATERIAL TO ALLOW FREE DRAINAGE.

7. DISPOSE OF ANY SEDIMENT OR FILL IN A MANNER THAT WILL NOT CREATE AN EROSION OR POLLUTION HAZARD.

Drawn:

GMW

Date:

Dec-09

Catch Drains - Rock Lined

CD-05